Involvement of RNA metabolism in physiological processes: development and response to stress

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Levels of regulation

- I. Chromatin and transcription
- II. RNA processing: pre-mRNA splicing

(alternative splicing - AS) and 3' formation

- III. RNA stability
- IV. Regulation via microRNA and lncRNA































ABA synthesis is strongly induced in response to stress Water Potential -2 ABA -24 -20 -16 Leaf water otential (atm) µg/g dry weight -12 20 0 4 8 12 16 Hours of drought stress ABA levels rise during drought stress due in part to increased biosynthesis R.L. Croissant, , Bugwood. www.forestryimages.org . Zabadel, T. J. Plant Physiol. (1974) 53: 125-127.



There are many genes encoding PYR/PYL/RCARs The 14 PYR/PYL/RCARs in Arabidopsis (a) Soybean Glycine max 23 PYL9 RCAR1 At1g01360 - At4g01026 PYL7 RCAR2 Zea mays Corn 20 At5g53160 PYL8 RCAR3 Populus At4g27920 PYL10 RCAR4 Western poplar 14 At5g45860 PYL11 RCAR5 trichocarpa At5g45870 PYL12 RCAR6 Arabidopsis At4g18620 PYL13 RCAR7 Arabidopsis 14 At5g05440 PYL5 RCAR8 thaliana PYL6 RCAR9 At2g40330 Rice Oryza sativa 11 At2g38310 PYL4 RCAR10 At4g17870 Grape Vitis vinifera 8 At5g46790 YL1 RCAR12 YL3 RCAR13 Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 At1g73000 At2g26040 RCAR1 Barrel medic Medicago 0.3 0.2 0.1 0 6 (a model legume) truncatula Klingler, J.P., Batelli, G., and Zhu, J.-K. J. Exp.Bot. 61: 3199-3210 , Christmann, A., and Grill, E. (2010) Trends Plant Sci. 15: 395-401 Raghavendra, A.S., Gonugunta, V.K.











Splicing		ADI	iotic stress un	der which	an <i>in vivo</i>	role was i	reported ^a
		ABA	Drought	Salt	Cold	Heat	Cadmium
R proteins	SR45	-	х	Х	×	×	X
	SR34b	×	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
	RS40	-	Х	-	Х	Х	X
	RS41	-	Х	-	X	X	Х
GRPs	GRP2	×	-	Х	Х	X	X
	GRP7	X	-	-	-	X	X
	RZ-1a	-	-	-	Х	Х	Х
BPs	CBP20	-	-	-	Х	Х	Х
	CBP80/ABH1	-	-	-	Х	х	Х
Spliceosome	SKIP	X	-	-	Х	Х	Х
components	SAD1	-	-	-	Х	Х	Х
	LSm4	-	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
	RDM16	-	Х	-	X	Х	Х
	STA1	-	-	-	-	-	×











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Leaf development miR miR Leaf development miR miR miR Leaf polarity miR miR miR miR miR miR	R167	ARF10 NAC1 ARF8	[122,123]				
miR miR Iteaf polarity MiR miR miR		ARF TIR1/F-box AFB	[122,123] [130] [122] [114] [15,124]				
Leaf polarity miR miR miR miR	R164	MYB NAC1	[48,127,128 [132]	Role	miRNA family	Target families/genes	Reference(s)
Leaf polarity miR miR miR	R172	HD-ZIPIII AP2 TCP	[131] [127] [128]	Adaptive responses to stress	miR156 miR159	SBP MYB	[37,43,44,103] [16,37,43,48,49]
	R166 R168	HD-ZIPIII AGO1 ARF	[121,131] [120] [114]		miR160 miR167 miR168	ARF10 ARF8 AGO1	[37,50,100] [37,42,43] [37]
miR	R160 R164	ARF10 NAC1	[122,123,1 [132,133]		miR169 miR171 miR319	NFY/MtHAP2-1 SCL TCP	[37,43,52,110,136 [37,43] [16,37,43]
Flowering time <u>miR</u>	R319 R156	AP2 TCP SBP	[134] [127,128] [125-127]		miR393 miR395 miR396	TIR1/F-box AFB APS/AST GRF	[15,16,37,42,43] [15,16,37] [16,37]
miR	R172	MYB AP2 TCP	[48] [127,135] [127]		miR397 miR398	Laccases, Beta-6-tubulin CSD	[15,16,37] [15,19,37,43,53,7]
mite	1015		[127]		miR399 miR408	UBC24/PHO2 Plastocyanin	[36,37,75,76] [16,37,44]
				Regulation of miRNA	miR162 miR168 miR403	DCL1 AGO1 AGO2	[137] [120] [114]
				Others	miR158 miR161	At1g64100 PPR	1
					miR163 miR173 miR174	At1g66700, At1g66690 At3g28460 At1g17050	
Khraiwesh et al. 2011 Bioch					miR175	At5g18040, At3g43200, At1g51670	















Mechanism of miRNAs regulation of cancer	MicroRNAs	Target pathway/gene product	References
† Proliferation	↑ miR-93; ↑ miR-200c; ↑ miR-221; ↑ miR-222; ↓ miR-7; ↓ miR-126; ↓ miR-140-5p; ↓ miR-320	TIMP2, P27 ^{Kip1} , SOX4, EGFR, ADAM9, PDGFRA	Bai et al. (2017), Guan et al. (2017), Lan et al. (2015), le Sage et al. (2007), Wang et al. (2015, 2016), Web- ster et al. (2009)
1 Apoptosis	† miR-10b; † miR-21; † miR-25; † miR-155; † miR-222; ↓ miR-143; ↓ miR-195; ↓ miR-365; ↓ miR-491-5p	Bcl-2, Bcl-XL, PUMA, PTEN, DR4, TP53, SOCS1, SOCS6, AKT, Ras/MEK/ERK	Bahena-Ocampo et al. (2016), Gu et al. (2018), Guo et al. (2012), Hatley et al. (2010), Jiang et al. (2014), Li et al. (2017c), Liu et al. (2012), Razumilava et al. (2012), Song et al. (2017), Wu et al. (2017), Xue et al. (2016), Zhu et al. (2015)
↑ EMT	⊥ miR-30a; ↓ miR-33b; ↓ miR-101; ↓ miR-381; ↓ miR-200 family (miR-200a)	$\label{eq:2EB1} \begin{array}{l} ZEB1/ZEB2, vimentin, Wnt/\beta-catenin/ZEB1, SOX4, \\ Snai1 \end{array}$	Cheng et al. (2012), Cong et al. (2013), Guo et al. (2014), Korpal et al. (2008), Kumarswamy et al. (2012), Liu et al. (2014), Pang et al. (2017), Qu et al (2015
↑ Invasiveness ↑ Migration ↑ Metastases ↑ Chemo/radio-resistance	<pre>† miR-21; † miR-25; † miR-122; † miR-130; † miR- 141/200c; f miR-182-5p; † miR-548j; f miR-182-5p; f miR-127; f miR-1127-3p; f miR-129-5p; f miR-210-3p; f miR-133</pre>	TIMP3, PTEN, FBXW7, KRAS, MAPK, ITGA6, TGFpR2, VEGF-A, DUSP4, FGFRL1, RAB27A, FNDC3B, Dicer, TNS1	Choi et al. (2016), Duan et al. (2016), Fan et al. (2018), Gong et al. (2015), Guo et al. (2013), Li et al (2017a), Li ue t al. (2013), Martín del Campo et al. (2015), Wang et al. (2018a), Xu et al. (2017, 2018), Yang et al. (2017), Zhan et al. (2016
† Adaptation to hypoxia	↑ miR-24; ↑ miR-182; ↑ miR-210	FIH1, HIF-1a, PHD2, PTPN1	Li et al. (2014b, 2015c), Roscigno et al. (2017)
↑ Angiogenesis	↑ miR-130a; ↑ miR-139; ↑ miR-155; ↑ miR-182; ↑ miR-200; ↑ miR-210; ↑ miR-449a; ⊥ miR-140-5; ⊥ miR-497	VEGF-A, VEGFR2, RASA1, c-MYB, VHL, FGFRL1, CRIP2, HIF-1α	Du et al. (2015), Kong et al. (2014), Li et al. (2015a), Lu et al. (2017), Shi et al. (2016), Wang et al. (2014a), Yang et al. (2016, 2018)
DUSP4 Dual Specificity I Fibronectin Type III Don activated protein kinase 4 protein phosphatase non-r p21 protein activator 1, <i>SI</i> growth factor beta recepto	rate,] decrease and metalloproteases 9, AKT protein kinase B, Bel-sL I Phosphatase 4, FBXW7 E-box and WD-40 domain pro nain Containing 3B, HIP1a hypoxia-inducible factor PDGFRA platel-derived growth factor receptor A, eceptor type 1, PUMA the p53 upregulated modulator M11 snail family zinc imper 1, SOCS1 suppressor of c e-7, TIMP2 tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2, TIM	3-cell lymphoma-extra large, Bcl-2 B-cell lymphoma, stein 7, FGFRL1 fibroblast growth factor receptor-like (a, ITGA6 integrin subunit-α 6, RR45 Ki-na2 Kirsten HD2 hypoxia-indacible factor projh hydroxylae 2, P of apotosis, p2 ^{2Kwl} cyclim-dependent kinase inhibitor tokine signaling 1, SOZ65 suppressor of cytokine sign P2 tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases 3, TR51 Tensi -binding homeobox 1, ZEB2 Zine finger E-bao-bindin	 FIHI factor-inhibiting HIF hydroxylase 1, FNDC: rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog, MAPK mitoge TEN phosphatase and tensin homolog, PTPN1 tyrosin 1B, RAB27A Ras-related protein Rab-27A, RASA 1 R, aling 6, SOX4 the SRV-box 4, TGFjR2 the transformi n 1, TF53 tumor protein p53, VEGF vascular endothel

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microRNA/NMD_{Undifferentiated} and Neuronal differentiation: neuronal progenitor cells circuit regulates miR-128 Elevated miR-128 levels repress UPF1 and MLN51/Barentz express niR-128 neuronal development ▶ miR-128 targets the 3 UTR of the central NMD factor UPF1 and the EJC core MLN51/ MLN51/ component MLN51 • downregulation of ay of NMD targets ay of NMD targe ed in ne NMD factors by miR-**128 represses NMD** activity in human and mouse cells EJC EJC Ter Ter MLN51/ ▶ miR-128 is drastically MLN51 upregulated during al differentiatio leuronal differentiation brain development and neuronal maturation 1A 0 0 0 Ottens & Gehring 2016 Eur J Physiol







Role of tRNA-derived stress-induced RNAs (tiRNAs) in cancer

Cancer type	tiRNA	Sample type	Function	Reference
Brest cancer	5' tiRNA-Arg/Asn/Cys/Gln/Gly/Leu/Ser/Trp/ Val/Asp/Lys	Serum	Associated with clinicopathological characteristics	Dhahbi et al. (2014)
	5' tiRNA-Val	Cell, tissue, serum	Suppress cell proliferation, migration and invasion	Mo et al. (2019)
Prostate cancer	5'-tiRNA derived from the pseudogene tRNA-Und-NNN-4-1	Seminal fluid	Noninvasive biomarker for cancer screening	Dhahbi et al. (2018)
	5'-tiRNA-Asp-GUC, 5'-tiRNA-Glu-CUC 5'-SHOT-RNA ^{AspGUC} , 5'-SHOT-RNA ^{HisGUG} , 5'-SHOT-RNA ^{LysCUU}	Serum, tissue Cell	Prognostic parameter Enhance cell proliferation	Zhao et al. (2018) Honda and Kirino (2016), Honda et al. (2015)
Lung cancer	5'-tiRNA-Leu-CAG	Cell, tissue, serum	Promote cell proliferation and cell cycle	Shao et al. (2017)
Gastric cancer	tiRNA-5034-GluTTC-2	Cell, tissue, plasma	Biomarker for diagnosis	Zhu et al. (2019)
Colorectal cancer	5'-tiRNA-Val	Cell, tissue, serum	Promote cell migration, invasion and metastasis	Li et al. (2019)
			Tao et al., 2019 Jo	urnal of Cellular Physiology

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Oncogenic or tumor-suppressive non-coding RNAs with in vivo experimental evidence

Name	ncRNA Class	Cancer Types Examined	In Vivo Experimental Techniques Used	Cancer-Related Mechanisms and/or Functions of ncRNA	References		
Oncogenic ncRNAs							
miR-155	miRNA	lymphoma	transgenic overexpression mouse model, treatment with antimiRs	targets SHIP1 transcript, a negative regulator of AKT, to increase proliferation and survival	O'Connell et al., 2009; Babar et al., 2012; Cheng et al., 2015		
HOTAIR	IncRNA	breast	siRNA knockdown, overexpression in mouse xenografts	recruits PRC2, LSD1/ CoREST/REST chromatin modifying complexes, scaffolds transcription factors at target promoters of genes involved in invasion, metastasis, and proliferation	Gupta et al., 2010; Li et al., 2016b		
THOR	IncRNA	lung, melanoma	CRISPR-Cas9 knockdown, overexpression in mouse xenografts; transgenic knockout, overexpression in zebrafish	binds IGF2BP1 to stabilize interactions with oncogenic target mRNAs, in turn stabilizing those transcripts and promoting proliferation	Hosono et al., 2017		
BRAFP1	pseudogene	B cell lymphoma	transgenic overexpression mouse model	acts as a ceRNA for miRNAs that target the BRAF transcript, leading to increased BRAF expression, MAPK signaling, and proliferation	Karreth et al., 2015		
circCCDC66	circRNA	colorectal	siRNA knockdown in mouse xenografts	sponges several miRNAs that target oncogenic transcripts (e.g., MYC), promoting proliferation, migration, and invasion	Hsiao et al., 2017 Slack & Chinnaiyan 2019 Cell		





